MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1777.

YISHKILL, *September* 18.

Extract of a letter from Albany, Sept. 23.

"LAST Monday, at gun firing, our army moved forward, and they are now four miles above tillwater, in the greatest spirits and health. The enemy have called in their advanced posts which were stationed a little below gen. Schuyler's house. Burgoyne continues his head quarters at Fort Miller. Gen. Lincoln with his army is at Pawlet, a place from whence he can easily move in the rear of the enemy.

"Yesterday between two and three hundred Indians arrived here; they almost all brought their arms with them, and no doubt they will now be taken into our service."

By PHILIP SCHUYLER, Esq; major general in the army of the United States of America, and commander in chief of the northern department, to the inhabitants of Castletown, of Hubberton, Kurtland, Pittsmouth, Pawlet, Wells, Granville, with the neighbouring districts; also the districts bordering on White-Creek, Cambden, Cambridge, &c. &c. &c.

WHEREAS, lieutenant general John Burgoyne, commanding an army of the British troops, did, by a written paper by him subscribed, bearing date at Skenesborough house, on the 10th day of July instant, require you to send from your several townships, deputations, consisting of ten persons or more from each township, to meet col. Skeene at Castletown, on Wednesday July 23, at ten in the morning, for sundry purposes in said paper mentioned, and that you were not to fail in paying obedience thereto, under pain of military execution. Whatever, my countrymen, may be the ostensible reasons for such meeting, it is evident the enemy mean to prevail on you by threats and promises, to forsake the cause of your injured country; to assist them in forcing slavery on the United states of America, and under the specious pretext of affording you protection, to bring on you that misery, with which their promises of protection drew on such of the deluded inhabitants of New-Jersey, who were weak enough to confide in them; but who soon experienced their fallacy, by being treated indiscriminately with those virtuous citizens who came forth in defence of their country, with the most wanton barbarity, and such as hitherto hath not even disgraced barbarians. They cruelly butchered without distinction to age or sex; ravished children from ten to women of eighty years of age; they burnt, pillaged and destroyed whatever came into their power; nor did those edifices dedicated to the worship of Almighty God escape their sacrilegious fury. Such were the deeds; such they were incontestibly proved to be, which have marked the British arms with the most indelible stains. But they having, by the blessing of Divine Providence on our arms, been obliged totally to abandon that state; they left those who were weak or wicked enough to take protection under them to bemoan their credulity, and to cast themselves on the mercy of their injured countrymen. Such will be your fate, if you lend a willing ear to their promises, which I trust none of you will do. But lest any of you should so far forget the duty you owe to your country, as to join with, or in any manner or way assist or give comfort to, or hold correspondence with, or take protections from the enemy: Be it known to each and every of you, the inhabitants of said townships, or any other the inhabitants of the United States, that you will be considered and dealt with as traitors to said States, and that the laws thereof will be put in execution against every person so offending with the utmost rigour. And I do hereby strictly enjoin and command all officers civil and military to apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, all such offenders. And I do further strictly enjoin and command such of the militia of said townships, as have not yet marched, to do so without delay, to join the army under my command, or some detachment thereof.

Given under my hand at head quarters, Fort Edward, July 13, 1777.

PHILIP SCHUYLER.

By the general's command,
HENRY B. LIVINGSTON, A. D. C.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 17.

Extract of a letter from major-general Gates, to the President of congress, dated head quarters, September 3, 1777.

SIR,

Your excellency will perceive, by the inclosed letter, that the glorious victory gained at Bennington has reduced the boasting stile of gen. Burgoyne so much, that he begins, in some degree, to think and talk like other men.

Head-quarters of the king's army upon Hudson's river, August 30, 1777.

SIR,

Major-general Reidesel has requested me to transmit the inclosed to lieut. col. Baum, whom the for une of war put into the hands of your troops at Bennington.

Having never failed in my attentions towards prisoners, I cannot entertain a doubt of your taking this opportunity to shew me a return of civility, and that you will permit the baggage and servants of such officers of your prisoners, as desire it, to go to them unmolested.

It is with great concern I find myself obliged to add to this application, a complaint of the bad treatment the provincial soldiers, in the king's service, received after the affair at Bennington. I have reports upon oath, that some were refused quarter, after having asked it. I am willing to believe this was against the order and inclination of your officers, but it is my part to require an explanation, and to warn you of the horrors of a retaliation, if such a practice is not in the strongest terms discountenanced and reprehended.

Duty and principle, sir, make me a public enemy to the Americans, who have taken arms, but I seek to be a generous one; nor have I the heart to resentment against any individual, who does not induce it by acts derogatory to those maxims, upon which all men of honour think alike.

Persuaded that a gentleman, of the station to which this letter is addressed, will not be comprised in the exception I have made. I am, personally, sir, your most humble servant,

Maj. gen. Gates. J. BURGOYNE, lieut. gen.

Head-quarters of the army of the United States, September 2, 1777.

SIR,

Last night I had the honour to receive your excellency's letter of the first instant. I am astonished you should mention inhumanity, or threaten retaliation. Nothing happened in the action at Bennington, but what is common when work are carried by assault.

That the savages of America should, in their warfare, mangle and scalp the unhappy prisoners who fall into their hands, is neither new nor extraordinary, but that the famous lieut. gen. Burgoyne, in whom the fine gentleman is united with the soldier and the scholar, should hire the savages of America to scalp Europeans, and the descendants of Europeans, nay more, that he should pay a price for each scalp so barbarously taken, is more than will be believed in Europe, until authenticated facts shall, in every gazette, convince mankind of the truth of the horrid tale. Miss M'Crea, a young lady, lovely to the sight, of virtuous character, and amiable disposition, engaged to be married to an officer in your army, was, with other women and children, taken out of a house near Fort Edward, carried into the woods, and there scalped and mangled in the most shocking manner. Two parents, with four or six children, were all treated with the same inhumanity, while quietly residing in their once happy and peaceful dwelling. The miserable fate of Miss M'Crea was particularly aggravated by her being dressed to receive her promised husband, but met her murderer employed by you. Upwards of one hundred men, women, and children, have perished by the hands of the ruffians, to whom it is asserted, you have paid the price of blood.

Inclosed are letters from your wounded officers, prisoners, in my hands. By them you will be informed of the generosity of their conquerors. Such money, cloathing, attendants, and other necessaries, which your excellency pleases to send to the prisoners, shall be faithfully delivered. The late col. Baum's servant is at Bennington, would have come to your excellency's camp, but when I offered him a flag he was afraid to run the risk of being scalped, and declined going.

When I know what surgeon and attendants your excellency is desirous of sending to Bennington, I shall dispatch an officer to your lines, to conduct them to my camp. I am, sir, your most humble servant,

Lieut. gen. Burgoyne. H. GATES, M. G.

SIR, *September* 6 1777.

I received your letter of the 2d instant, and in consequence of your compliance with my proposal of sending a surgeon to visit the wounded officers in your hands, and some servants to carry money and necessaries to their masters, and to remain with them, I have now to desire the favour of you to dispatch the officer you designate with a drum and a flag of truce, so that he may arrive at Stillwater about noon, on the ninth, and he shall be met there by the person he is to conduct, accompanied also by a drum and flag of truce. I trust, sir, that it is understood between us that the surgeon shall have safe conduct to my out posts, when his visit shall be made, and he shall request it; and you may be assured, on my part, that your officer shall meet with security and civility.

I have hesitated, sir, upon answering the other paragraphs of your letter, to disdain to justify myself against the rhapsodies of fiction and calumny, which, from the first of this contest, it has been an unvaried American policy to propagate, but which no longer impose upon the world. I am induced to deviate from this general rule, in the present instance, lest my silence should be construed an acknowledgment of the truth of your allegations, and a pretence be thence taken for exercising future barbarities by the American troops.

Upon this motive, and upon this only, I condescend to inform you that I would not be conscious of the acts you presume to impute to me for the whole continent of America, though the wealth of worlds were in its bowels, and a paradise upon its surface.

It has happened that all my transactions with the Indian nations, last year and this, have been open, clearly heard, distinctly understood, accurately minuted by very numerous, and in many parts, very unprejudiced audiences. So diametrically opposite to truth is your assertion that I have paid a price for scalps, that one of the first regulations established by me at the great council in May, and repeated, and enforced, and invariably adhered to since, was, that the Indians should receive compensation for prisoners, because it would prevent cruelty, and that not only such compensation should be withheld, but a strict account demanded for scalps. These plagues of mankind, for such you well know they will ever esteem them, were solemnly and peremptorily prohibited to be taken from the wounded, and even the dying, and the persons of aged men, women, children, and prisoners, were pronounced sacred even in assaults.

In regard to Miss M'Crea, her fall wanted not the tragic display you have laboured to give it, to make it as sincerely abhorred and lamented by me as it can be by the tenderest of her friends. The fact was no premeditated barbarity. On the contrary two chiefs, who had brought her off for the purpose of security, not of violence, to her person, disputed which should be her guard, and in a fit of savage passion in the one from whose hands she was snatched, the unhappy woman became the victim. Upon the first intelligence of this event, I obliged the Indians to deliver the murderer into my hands; and though to have punished him by our laws or principles of justice would have been perhaps unprecedented, he certainly should have suffered an ignominious death, had I not been convinced, by circumstances and observation, beyond the possibility of a doubt, that a pardon under the terms which I prescribed, and they accepted, would be more efficacious than an execution to prevent similar mischiefs.

The above instance excepted, your intelligence respecting cruelties of the Indians is false.

You seem to threaten me with European publications, which affect me as little as any other threats you could make; but in regard to American publications, whether your charge against me, which I acquit you of believing, was penned from a gazette, or for a gazette, I desire and demand of you, as a man of honour, that, should it appear in print at all, this answer may follow it. I am, sir, your most humble servant,

Maj. gen. Gates. J. BURGOYNE, L. G.

Extracts from a letter of gen. Gates to the president of congress, dated camp of the northern army, Stillwater, 10th of September, 1777.

SIR,—Inclosed I have the honour to present your excellency with lieut. gen. Burgoyne's answer to the letter I transmitted to congress by the last express. All the reply I thought it necessary to make to so extravagant a performance, is also in the packet. Having prepared every thing in concert with gen. Lincoln, for the march of the army, I left Van Schaak's Island on Monday, and arrived here yesterday forenoon. The enemy gave us no manner of interruption.

Head-quarters of the army of the United States, September 8, 1777.

SIR,—Your excellency may be satisfied that I will send an officer to Stillwater to-morrow, at the time you mention, to receive the surgeon, servants, and such comforts as your excellency shall think proper to send to the prisoners in my hands. I am, Sir, your most obedient humble servant,

Lieut. gen. Burgoyne. H. GATES, M. G.

Published by order of Congress,
CHARLES THOMSON, sec'ry.

NEWBERN, *August* 15.

A vessel which lately sailed from this port, with a number of tories on board, was taken, soon after she left the bar, by capt. Weeks, in a privateer from Virginia, in consort with a letter of marque sloop, who have carried her off to the West-indies. The gentlemen on board have large sums of money, and the vessel is loaded with two hundred hogsheads of tobacco.

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 2.

Monday next is the day appointed by our form of government for the election of delegates to represent the several counties of this state, and city of Annapolis and Baltimore-Town, in General Assembly.

Extract of a letter from THOMAS JONES, Esq; now at Camp, to his Excellency the GOVERNOR, dated near the confluence of the Skippack and Perkioming, thirty miles from Philadelphia, September 28.

"LETTERS from the northward last evening and to day, read at Head Quarters, report Mr. Burgoyne to be in the most eligible situation---Lincoln on his flank, generals Gates and Arnold in his front, and a precipice, as it is said, in his rear. To extricate himself, he attempted an impression on our left wing five several times, and was as often repulsed---loss on both sides very considerable. Col. Morgan's rifle battalion suffered severely in four several efforts, for a field-piece was twice in possession, and obliged to relinquish it to superior numbers. Col. Brown, detached to Ticonderoga, was in possession of the old French lines, and had summoned the fort. The action happened on the 19th, a renewal expected next day. Thus much in general. To come to particulars, the following is a true extract from general orders, to be read at the head of each regiment; afterwards a feu de joye, thirteen field pieces, digested with a gill of good continental to each soldier. The engagement began at one and lasted till dark; not a single inch of ground given up by us. Such was the ardour of our troops, that the wounded, when dressed, returned to share the glory of the day---our loss 800 killed, 200 wounded---the enemy's exceeding 10 killed, hundred, and prisoners---their 62d regiment cut to pieces---gen. Burgoyne wounded in the shoulder---col Brown in his route took several of the enemy's out posts, with 293 prisoners, and relieved above 100 of our men, 13 sloops, &c. with cannon, ammunition, &c. and 132 batteaus.

"We have been here now two days, and, as I conjecture, collecting our whole force. Wayne, M'Dougal, and Smallwood, came in yesterday and to day.---We are told of a considerable body of troops from Virginia, and it is rumoured Putnam is on his march to join us; surely we are not always to act defensively. The enemy are still on the heights near German-town---may take possession of the city when they please, but seem to decline it.---Col. Samuel Smith was detached a few days ago to the fort on Mud island with two hundred and fifty men. A cannonading was heard yesterday in that direction, but we have no accounts yet from that quarter."

GOPICE, ANNAPOLIS.

A.

MARGARET Amery, Chester-Town. George Aiquith, Patuxent. David Arnold, Lower Marlbro, 2. John Aiquith, Patuxant. Doct. John Archer, Annapolis.

B.

William Barnes, Port Tobacco. John Burrows, Patuxant, 2. John Bolton, P. G. county. Benggale and Hemsley, Chester Town. John Barker, at Col. Addison's, Piscattway. Thos. Barber, Annapolis. Robt. Brown, Queen's Town. Archd. Beard, Annapolis. Mary Baptist, Broad Creek. John Magruder Burgess, P. G. county. Geo. Brent, Annapolis. John Brown, Pigg Point. Joseph Burgess, on Elkridge.

C.

Alex. Contee, Nottingham, 4. Ann Chesley, St. M. county. C. H. Pere. Chelley, Worcester county. Wm Coomes, Charles county. John Cole, St. Mary's. John Craggs, Annapolis. Thomas Conway, do. Doctr. John Chapman, do. Henrietta Carcaw, Patuxant river. Wm. Cavenaugh, St. Mary's county. Margaret Chalmers, Q. A. county. Jas. Chesten, Annapolis. Wm. Currer, do. Elenor Cavenaug, St. M. county. Saml. Cox, Pt. Tobacco. Thos. Cooper Sarson, Annapolis. Ann Chapman Chs. county.

D.

Greenbury Dorsey, Patapsco Ferry. Grafton Dulany, Annapolis. Merine Duvall, P. G. county. Robt. Done, Worcester county. Jas. Dick, Annapolis, 2. Sarah M'Donald, P. G. county. Lidia Deal, near Marlbro. Danl. Dulany, Annapolis.

E.

Thomas Eden, St Mary's county, 2. Easom Edmons, Calvert county. John Eccleston, printing office, Annapolis.

F.

Ezekiel Forman, Chester Town, 2. Ignatius Fenwick, Piscattway. Patrick Fearon, Annapolis.

G.

Samuel Gallaway, 2. Mary Gordor, Annapolis. Mary Gilchrist, somerset county. John Gordon, A. A. county. Priscilla Gallaway, Calvt. county. Thomas Eglen Green, P. G. county. Eliz. Gilpin, Pt. Tobacco.

H.

Matts. Hammond, Annapolis. Capt. Walt. Hanson, Charles county. John Hanson, Annapolis. John Hanson, Charles county. Moses Hubbart, ditto. Henry Howard, near Town Point. Geo. Hutchin, Charles county. Leonard Hamilton, ditto. Doct. Joseph Hall, Montgomery county. Henry Hillery, P. G. county. Elisha Hopkins, South river. Robt. Harris, St. Mary's county. Thomas Bedingfield Hands, Chester Town.

J.

Joseph Isaac, at Clift, 2. Ed. Jones, Piscattway. Charles Jones, Montgomery county. William Jones, Pt. Tobacco.

K.

Philip Key, near Annapolis. Wm. Kays, Princis Ann county.

L.

David Lynn, Rock Creek.

M.

Williamina Mitchel, Calvert county. Henry Magon, Annapolis. John Baptist Medley, P. G. county. Rebecca Mungan, P. G. county. Tho. Martha, Chas. county. John Miller, Chs. county. Catharine M'Naughton, A. A. county.

O.

Alex. Ogg.

P.

Ann Pindle, Herring Creek, 3. Henrietta Parrot, at S. Steward's. Henry Pike, St. Mary's county. Benj M Pherson, Pt. Tobacco. Wm. Pryon, Queen Anns. Henrietta Posey, Chs. county. Miss Polly Miller, near the Ball house, Annapolis. John M'Pherson. Francis Popham, of the artillery, Annapolis.

R.

John Rawlings, Calv. county. Thomas Reynold, at Clift, Maryland, 3. John Read, St. Mary's. Wm. Roberts, Chas. county. John Richman, Annapolis.

S.

Capt. Abr. Simmons, near Annapolis. Mary Shurbin, near Pt. Tobacco. Saml. Smith, A. A. county. Lieut. Wm. Schnelif, Piscatway. John Seale, Chester river. Jacob M'Seney, near Annapolis. Jonathan Slater, Lower Marlbro, 2. Gustavus Scott, Cambridge, Capt. John Swan, Annapolis. Chas. Steward, South River. Jas. Skinner, Calv. county.

T.

Doct. Rich. Tootle, Annapolis. Wm. Travers, care of Joseph Dowson. Maj. Thos. Tillard, Annapolis. Matthew Tilghman, Esquire. Doct. Phil. Thomas, Annapolis. John Thomas, Benedict.

W.

Gasway Watkins. Barrack Williams, Annapolis. Genia Williams, Annapolis. Rich. Wallis, Hanover county. Stephen Watkins, West River. Thos. Right, Queen Anns. Samuel Ward, near Annapolis. Nathan Waters, near Annapolis. Gaffaway Watkins. Capt. Saml. Wise, Snow Hill.

Y.

Eliz. Young, Potomack ferry. Wm. Yeardsley, Chester Town.

N. B. There are a number of the above letters which have remained in the post office a long time, therefore if they are not taken away in ten days from the publication hereof, they will be returned to the general post-office as dead letters.

NICHOLAS HANNAH,
For W. WHETCROFT, D. P. M.

To be SOLD,

THAT large three story BRICK HOUSE, in Chester-Town, late the property of Dr. William Murray. It is situated in the most public and pleasant part of the town; has large commodious buildings adjoining, well adapted for any kind of public business.—For terms apply to Mr. John Galloway, in Chester-Town, or to

tf JAMES MURRAY, in Annapolis.

25th of October,

A SET of BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, such as anvil, vice, hammers, and bellows, old iron, and bar iron, some houshold furniture, and some cattle.

N. B. All persons having claims against the estate of Benjamin Wills, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated and attested, that they may be adjusted; and those who are indebted to the said estate are earnestly requested to make speedy payment, that the subscriber may thereby be the better enabled to pay off the claims against the said estate in due time.

3w ELIZABETH WILLS, Administratrix.

Anne-Arundel county Swamp, October 1, 1777.

THIS is to acquaint my good old customers that my old crop of leather is all done and in my way, and shall be obliged to them to come and pay for it, and take it away. I am also drawing my new crop, and as the price of bark and oil is greatly advanced, hope my customers will not think hard of my advancing in my price. I still continue to take in hides, but must advance in my price in proportion to the advanced price of bark, oil, &c.

1w4 BENJ. NORMAN.

Calvert county, Lion's-Creek.

TO be RUN for, near my house, on Friday and Saturday the 3d and 4th of October next, any quantity of exceeding good stall fed beef, not exceeding one thousand weight. If the gentlemen racers should not think proper to make up for any beef, there will be a purse of ten pounds, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, carrying weight for size, one hundred and twenty to be the standard, and to raise and fall according to the rules of racing. Horses, &c. to be entered the same day of the races, with the subscriber, by one o'clock. The same purse of ten pounds, or beef, will be run for here every Friday and Saturday, agreeable to this advertisement, from that date, till the 19th and 20th of December next.

tf BENJ. LANE, of Richard.

N. B. Good entertainment for man and horse at my house, where they may always find good Swamp oisters. B. L.

October 1, 1777.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on Mr. Robert Davidge's plantation, near Thomas's Point, on Thursday evening, the 18th of September, 1777, a stout well set Negro man named JEM, about 25 years old, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high; had on, when he went away, a coat and waistcoat of a reddish brown colour turned up with red, a pair of country cloth breeches, a country linen shirt, a pretty good fur hat. Whoever takes up the above fellow, and secures him so that the owner may get him again, shall receive eight dollars reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by LEWIS DUVALL.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

Prince George's county, Sept. 1, 1777.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near George-Town, on Monday the 1st instant, a NEGRO man named Charles, 20 years of age, near six feet high, rather clumsy about the ancles, and knock-kneed; had on, when he went away, a country linen shirt, a pair of brown corded breeches, a blue gray jacket, trimmed with black, without sleeves, a pair of half worn country shoes. I bought him of Mr. George Nailor of Nottingham; it is supposed he will sculk about in that neighbourhood. Whoever takes up said negro and secures him in any gaol, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

1w6 JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

August 11, 1777.

RAN away, on Saturday the 9th instant, from the subscriber, in Bladensburg, a Mulatto slave named John, or John the Baptist, which he calls himself; he was a few days ago the property of Mr. James Brooks, in Annapolis, and have heard he was this day in that town. Any person apprehending the said slave, and will have him secured, so as the owner may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges paid if brought to Bladensburg.

w4 LEVY GANTT.

ON the 20th instant made their escape from the subscriber, living on Sharp's Island, three NEGROES, who were put on shore by one of the enemy's fleet; one of them is a young fellow about five feet five inches high, calls himself Peter, and says he belongs to a Mr. Smith, that lives at New-Point Comfort, in Virginia; the other two were Negro girls, one of them about fourteen and the other about eighteen years of age; they took with them a large pine canoe, well timbered.—Whoever will secure the said Negroes and canoe, so that I can get them again, shall receive ten pounds reward. JOHN CRYER.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge, Anne-Arundel county, near Green's mill, Patuxent river, July 7, 1777.

RAN away from the subscriber, a convict servant man, named GEORGE HOLT, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 23 or 24 years of age, light sandy hair tied back, has a weakness in one of his thumbs: Had on a country hat half worn, and a coarse country shirt almost new, one linsey jacket with a yellow cotton cape and one striped ditto with yellow metal buttons, coarse striped country trousers, old shoes newly sealed, old stockings black and blue, an old razor, and an old day-book with his name in many places in it. It is imagined he has forged a pass and will endeavour to get on board some vessel. Whoever secures the said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have ten dollars reward, and, if brought home, all reasonable charges paid, by me,

w11 WILLIAM RAY, jun.

WANTED,

A MILLER, capable of managing a merchant mill. Such a person may meet with encouragement by applying to the printer.

ALL persons indebted to the late Dr. JOHN SHAW, on bond, note, or open account, are desired to make immediate payment, as this is the last time of asking, and may depend that suits will be brought against them without further notice.

ISAAC HARRIS,
RUTH HARRIS, } Executors.

Annapolis, May 22, 1777.

NECESSITY COMPELS THE MEASURE.

THE term of the COPARTNERSHIP between WALLACE, DAVIDSON, AND JOHNSON, having expired on the first day of January last, and the present cruel and unjust war prosecuting by Great-Britain against the freedom of America, rendering it impracticable to renew the same; notice is hereby given, that by mutual consent the said PARTNERSHIP was dissolved on that day accordingly: It is necessary, therefore, our affairs be settled; wherefore we earnestly request all persons indebted to the concern in any manner, to make full and immediate payment, which has been too long neglected by many, who, taking advantage of the times,

——— from such conduct lenity ought not to be expected, yet such as have it not in their power immediately to settle their open accounts by payment, are, for the last time, desired to settle the same by bonds.

That branch of the business in the management of our Mr. JOHNSON, in London, will with fidelity be carefully attended to, until the completion thereof; and our friends experience of his past conduct will, we hope, sufficiently recommend him to their future favours, wherever his judgment, for mutual benefits, may direct him to settle.

tf WALLACE, DAVIDSON, AND JOHNSON.

Annapolis, June 18, 1777.

STRAYED from the plantation of Richard Burling, on the north side of Severn river, about five or six weeks ago, a large valuable red COW, with remarkable large horns, which grow almost upright; she gave milk when she went away, and may be known in the neighbourhood by her having a very short tail. Any person who will deliver her at the plantation from whence she strayed, shall receive 20s. reward.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, some time in March last, a NEGRO man, named JACK, commonly called Jack Gurrick, formerly belonged to col. Hooe, of Charles county, and sold by him to Dr. Walter Jenifer, of said county; he is a short, well set fellow, remarkable thick lips. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, so as his master may get him again, shall have ten pounds; if delivered at Northampton Furnace, about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, shall have the above reward, paid by

Captain CHARLES RIDGELY.

N. B. Whoever may happen to take said negro are desired to confine him well in irons.

Prince-George's county, July 23, 1777.

WILLIAM WAIERS takes this method to desire all those whose accounts have been standing with him unsettled twelve months, to make immediate payment, which will prevent trouble and expence to them as well as to himself. tf

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Piscataway, July 1, 1777.

For SALE,

MY lot in Piscataway. The improvements thereon are, a dwelling-house two stories high, thirty by eighteen, two rooms below, and two above, a stone cellar the dimentions of the house, a stable thirty by fourteen, a story and a half high, and an old store-house, new covered about three years ago, and with a small expence may be made either a convenient store-house or kitchen; the lot is inclosed with locust posts and oak paling, and contains near an acre. Part of the price may be made easy to the purchaser, on giving proper security with interest

tf ALEX. HAMILTON.

September 17, 1777.

FOR sale, a SLOOP, five years old, about twelve hundred bushels burden, with very good sails and rigging. Apply to col. Fitzhugh at Lower Marlborough, or Mr. Joseph Anderson at Benedict, who will treat with any person inclinable to purchase, and may be shown the sloop and rigging by Mr. Henry Webb at Nottingham.

Charles county, August 6, 1777.

To be SOLD,

THE PLANTATION on which I now dwell; containing about five hundred and thirty acres of land, lying in Charles county, near Port-Tobacco; on which are a dwelling-house, with seven rooms and two passages on the lower floor, and five rooms and a passage above stairs, a kitchen with a brick floor, a brick milk-house, spinning-room and lumber-room, under one roof, a large granary, corn-house, stables, two tobacco-houses, cow-house, a dwelling-house, calculated to suit a weaver, and other out-houses: This land is rich, and capable of producing any commodity suited to the climate; there is a considerable quantity of low ground, which might be converted into fine meadow. The situation is high, dry, and healthy, the prospect delightful, having a fine view of Patowmack river, Virginia, Port-Tobacco creek, and the neighbourhood all round you; very convenient to two places of public worship, a protestant church, and Roman catholic chapel, which last is an elegant building, full in view, and adds to the other beauties of the place; two grist mills within a mile and a half, and Port Tobacco warehouse almost at the door, plenty of fish in their season, and frequent opportunities in the winter of getting oysters—in short, this seat has every advantage to make life delightful and happy. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the premises, and know the terms of sale, by applying

tf WILLIAM HAN[illegible]

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by FREDERICK GREEN.